PRICE, FIFT LCULATIONS, GRIER' SOUTHE | both of the sun. step to the sun. at 6 h. 26 m. F. M. in all parts of M.

AULAN

nt sunset. It will be chover, at a h. 89 m. the greates collecfe, and at that point

FOR THE YEAR OF OUR L

186

THE FOURTH OF THE WAR FOR May 22

AND (UNTIL THE FOURTH OF JULY.)

WE WAND (UNTIL THE FOURTH OF JULY.)

EIGHTY-EIGHTH OF THE INDEPENDENCLUMITED STATES.

CALCULATED FOR THE LATITUDE AND MERIDIAN OF

Lat. 33deg. 30m. N.: Long. 81 deg. 58m. W.

AND WILL SERVE FOR ALL ADJACENT STATES.

By T. P. Ashmore, of Americus Ga

Published for the Trade by

F. H. SINGER.....AUGUSTA, GA.

THOS. RICHARDS & SON, Fooksellers & Stationers,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

MY OF MANS BODY,

ed to be governed by the

:Onitellations,

ING TO ANCIENT ASTROLOGY.



NECA.

Breas'

ny Bowele

m Secre

Kneus.

The Feet, & PIBORS.

To you where the Sign is.—First find the day of the month, and against it you have the sign or place of the moon, then finding the sign here, it shows the part of the body it is supposed to govern. The idea that the moon's place or the signs have any effect on the human body ought not to be believed.

Names and Characters of the Signs of the Zodiac.

Aries, the Ram.

Taurus, the Bull.

Cancer, the Crab.

Libra, the Balance.

Respitations, the Archer.

Aquarius, the Waterman.

Explanation of Characters.

Linets.—

Sun.

Names and Characters of the Zodiac.

In Gemini, the Twiss

Scorpio, the Scorpion.

Yellow, the Goat.

Yellow, the Fishes.

Explanation of Characters.

Linets.—

Mars.

Moon.

1 Junes.

Explanation of Characters.

Sun. Sturn. Mars. Moon. 4 June Mercury. Herschel.

New Moon. First Qr. Full Moon. (Law)

O Dragon's Head-Ascending Node, & Conjunction,

Dragon's Tail—Descending Node. Opposition.

Apogee.—At the greatest distance from the Earth.

Princed.—At the least distance, or nearest the Earth.

ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.

ECLIPSES FOR THE YEAR 1864.

During the year 1864 there will be but two Relipses, both of the sun.

"The moon doth her course so wisely steer,
That she runs in supplies all this year."

The first Eclipse will be of the our on the 5th of May, at 0 h. 26 m. F. M. fuvisible at Columbus, and vicinity. This Ech see will be visible in all parts of North America west of the meridian of Houston, Texas.

The Eclipse will commence at Houston, Texas, at about sugget. It will be

annual and central in some places and total in others.

The second Helipse will be that of the sun on the 88th October, at 8 th, 88 m.,
A.M., invisible at Columbus. It will be visible for Texas, and the greatest colings
visible in that State will be at the mouth of the Rio Grande, and at that point amount to 13 digits only.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Epact (Moon's age) Jan. 1 22	Solar Cycle	

CARDINAL POINTS.

Vernal Equinox, (spring begins)	t March
Summer Solstice, (summer begins)	lst Jane
Autumnal Equinox, (autumn begins)	

FIXED AND MOVABLE FESTIVALS.

Septuagesima Sunday	Trinity Sunday. May 23 Corpus Christi. May 26 Lat Sunday in Advent. Nev 27 St Nickolas Dec. 6 Christmas. Dec. 24
	St. John, BaptistJune 26 St. John EvangelistDec. 27

ASPECTS OF THE PLANETS.

Mercury will be visible in the eastern sky on the morning of February 27th about one hour before sunrise, and again in the western sky, August 17, about one hour after sunset.

Venus will be morning star till July 18th, then evening star for the remainder of the year.

Mars will pass through opposition with the sun, Nev. 24th. He will then be nearly as bright as Venus, and can be easily distinguished by his red color.

Jupiter will be in opposition with the sun May 13th, Saturn will be in opposition with the sun April 4th.

EMBER DAYS.

February 24th, 26th, 27th; May 11th, 13th, 14th; September 21st, 23d, 24th December 14th, 16th and 17th.

THE WEATHER:

It is but just to state to the nub ic that they know as much about the weather for the coming year as we do. No Mathematician or Astronomer, however able in his profession, can possibly "cipher out" the weather. When such predictions are seen in Almanacs, they should be regarded as mere guess work, entitled to no confidence, and as likely to fall as to be true; yet, as the people seem determined to have the weather laid down, we have dene our best, but you must not blame us if it does not come exactly to the day.

			COMETS.		
Table of the most r	emarkab	le Cen	netary Bod ca	seen si	nce the Christian Era:
Lengths of Tails	in	deg.	and miles	YEARS	Size of the fellowing Comets
Comet of B. C.	371	1.60€	1144,000,000	1	1
" A. D. !	1450	69	70,000,09		Diam. in Miles.
££ ££ £\$	1618	104	65,000,000	1778	350 Miles
45 44 46 3	1680	70	121,000.000	1305	364 6
16. 44 46	1639	68	100,000,000	1799	4629 "
66 65 65	1744	39	\$5,000,000	1107	6550 "
a "a a	1769	90	43,000.060	1811	4280
46.46. 46.	1\$11	28	182 660.600	1858	5900 probably
a a a	1843	60	180,000,000	1	processiy

TABLE	of some	OF THE	PRINCIP	AL B	dies i	NTHR	SOLIE	SYST	EM.
	Mose	Mean Dis-	Revalu-	#evol:	Veluci			Densi	

names.	Mean Diame- ter.		Reveiu- tion ar'd the Sun.		ty par m. in orbit.	Size—the Earth being 1.	ty Earth b'ng l	
Tue Sum Mercary Venus The Earth The Moon Mars Jupiter Satum Ureaus Neptuno	7,917 2,130 4,185 50,170 79,642 85,113	\$6,514,800 64,787,006 85,163,960 95,103,000 144,995,000 494,797,000	1 321 1 321 1 215 29 167 84 6	25 9 59 1 0 5 23 21 28 56 27 7 45 1 6 37 9 56 10 28 1 13 38	1,827 1,388 1,188 38 921 406 343	1,412,921,101 0,663 0,908 1,009 0,020 0,125 1,486,000 771,000	0.242	

NOTE. -There are more than afty small Planets or Asteroids, between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter.

	QUINOKES AND		•	
Vernal Equiusk,	(Spring	begins)	March	214
Summer Solstice,	(Summe	r begins)	June	21st.
Auturnal Kominer, .	(Autumi	begina)	Sept.	234.
Winter Selstice	(Winter	begins)	Dec.	21st.

ANSWERS TO THE PROBLEMS FOR 1868.

ANTERS TO THE PROBLEMS FOR 1806.

Problem 1st, 38-58 feet. Preb. 2d, 59-66 feet. Preb. 2d, 2.767. Preb. 4th, 700 lbs. 18 Preb. 5th, 8-640 cmbic isches. Preb. 6th, 9ft Prob. 7th, 18ft. Preb. 8th. 28 6 ft Preb. 9th, 256 feet. Preb. 10th, 12.649 ft. Prob. 11th, 176 ft. Preb. 12th, 49 ft Preb. 18th, 5.5 seconds. Preb. 14th, 118 ft. Preb. 15th, 3730 lbs. Preb. 16th. 5.324 ft. Prob. 17th, 1656.85 miles. Preb, 18th, 4 ft.

* Problem 4th was a mispeint. It should have been printed thus: 26.65.

MATHEMATICAL ACKNOTTLEDGMENTS FOR 1868.

The problems for 1883, have been ably managed by the following named Mathematheians, whose selutious are here indicated:
Mr. J E. Cartlidge, Newton, Miss.—Problems, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

16, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Mr. Samuel F. Samaders, Soerborough, Sa.—Problems, 1, 2 nearly, 3, 4. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 10, 17, 18. Wr. B. F. Sitton, Gainesville, Ga.-Problems, 1, 2 nearly, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. 11

12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18. Mr. George Manzy, Confederate Army, Richmond, Va.--Problems 1, 2, 8. 4, 5 nearly, 6, 7, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Mr. Wm. C. Shields, Missionary Station, Ga.,--Problems, 2 nearly, 3, 7, 8, 11, 12,

18, 15, 17, 18, Mr. E. M. Sweet, Dawson, Ga.—Problems, 8, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 18, 11, 12, 18, 15, 17

18, 19.
Mr. Abram Rvans, Confederate Army, Goldsbere', N. C.—Problems, 8, 6. 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15 nearly, 16, 17, 18.

Mr. John R. Cain, Americus, Ga.—Preblems, 3, 5, 8, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Esperal other sersens have solved a few of the problems, but not enough to entitle their selutions to acknowledgment.

PROBLEMS FOR 1864.

The nine following Problems have been proposed by Mr. Samuel F. Zaunders, Scarborough, Ga:

Proh. 1 .-- What is the length of a straight line that divides a circle 69 reds in diameter, into two parts, whose areas are as 2 to 7 ?

Prob. 2.—Given the chord 40 and the are 60, to find the versed sine.

Prob. 3.—In a square garden there is a spring, from which to three corners. there are 3. 9 and 7 rods; how far is it from the other corner?

Prob. 4.—From a spring in a square field to the corners, are 28, 23, 27 and 13 rods,

What is the area?

Freb. 5.—If the diameter of the directing circle be 39, and the generating emale

10, what is the area of each episycloid?

Preb. 6.-If a circle 4 fact in diameter, roll around another circle of the same 65ameter; what will be the area and curve generated by a point in the circumference? Prob. 7.—The two fires that blaset the acuts angles of a right-angled triangle, are A and B; what are the lengths of the rides of the triangle?

Prob. 8.—In a right-angled triangle there are given the side of the inscribed

square=a, and the radius of the inneribed circle=b, to find the sides.

Prob. 9.—The diameter of a conical tree is 4 feet, its height is 99 feet; if a squirrel run spirally 45 times around it in going up, how far will it travel?

The feur following Pre blems have been proposed by Mr. J. B. Cartlidge, Newton. Miss.

Prob. 10.-What is the difference between the major and minor propertional differences of 5 and 6, and the difference of their numerical value?

Prob. 11.-W but is the difference between the area of a circle whose radius is 50.

yards, and its greatest inscribed square?
Prob. 12.—I have an orchard of but 9 trees, which are set in 9 rows, with 3 in cach

few. Send in a diagram representing the orchard.

Prob. 13.—A. B. and C. parchaso a grindstone 30 inches in diameter; A poid \$2; \$B \$9, and C \$4, according to agreement. A grinds of his share first, then B; and C. last, how many inches in diameter must A and Beand grind off, to leave O his preportional share, making me allowance for the eye of the stone?

The following Problem has been proposed by Mr. W.C. Shields. Missionary Sta-

tien, Ga.

Prob. 14.-In a circle containing just 500 agres, three other equal circles are interibed as large as they possibly excibe, touching, but not enting each other; what is the area of each small circle, and what distance apart are their centres, and what distance is between each of their centers, and the center of the large circle, and how much land is left in the large circle, not included in the three small ones?

I prepose the following Problems:

Prob. 15 .-- If the sen's true Longitude be L., and the Obliquity of the Beliptic be R, what will be his Right Ascension and Declination?

Prob. 16. - When the nun's true Longitude is 60 deg. what is the Equation of Time? Prob. 17.—What is the difference between the sine of an are of I see, and the tangent of the same are of 1 sec, radius being !?

Prob. 18.—At what hour and minute will the sau rise on the 21st of June, in Lat. 59

degrees North?

.º Prob. 19.—When the moon's Len. is twenty degrees, and her Lat. S degrees N.

what is her right Ascension and Declination?

Prob. 30.—If the eccentricity of a Planet's orbit be 6. 25854; what is the greatest equation of its center, and what is the Equation when the mean Azomaly equals 20

degrees? Prob. 21.—If the periodical time of a Priwary Planet be P, and the periodical time of a Priwary Planet be P, and the periodical time of the Fiznet from the sun be D, and the fistance of the fixellite from the Planet be d; what will be the mass of the Primary Planet, the sun's mass being 1?

Prob. 22.—When the distance of a Comet moving in a parabelic croit, is the same from the sam as that of the Earth; with what velocity will the Comet move, the relocity of the Earth being 64,000 miles per hour.

. NOTE.—Any person solving ten of the above problems, and sending to me at Ameriranches of Analysis. They must be thoroughly selved and explained, in order to a cot with attention. T. P. ASKIMORE,

GOVERNMENT OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

EXECUTIVE CABINET.—Jefferson Davis, of Miss., President; Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., Vice-President; J. P. Benjamin, of La., Secretary of State; C. G. Memminger, of S. C., Sec. Treasury; Jas. A. Seddon, of Va., Sec. War; R. S. Mallory, Sec. Navy; John H. Reagan, Postmaster-General; A. T. Watts, Attorney General.

DATES OF Of Southern States		Representation in Congress.	Electoral Vetes,	Population 1861.
ath Carolina, De	ecember 20th, 1860.	16	18	715.371
*Ississippi,	January 9, 1861.	7	9	791,895
lerida,	January 10, 1861.	9	4	140,483
labama.	January 11, 1861.	9	11	964,296
leorgia,	January 19, 1861,	3⊜	12	1.057,327
wuisis na,	January 25, 1861.	6	8	706,438
exas,	February 1, 1861.	6	8	601,039
∛irginia,	April 17, 1801.	16	18	1,596,088
Tennessee.	May 6, 1861.	11	13	1,109,847
Arkausas,	May 6, 1861.	4	6	435,427
North Carolina,	May 20, 1861.	19	12	992,667
Missouri,	October 28, 1861.	\mathbf{n}	18	1, 78,317
Kentucky,	November 19, 186I	. 11	13	1,155,712

GOVERNMENT OF GEORGIA.

Capitol-MILLEDGEVILLE.

Area—58,000 Square Miles; ~ ~ Total Population—1,082,797; Slaves—467,461.

EXECUTIVE AND CABINET.—Joseph E. Brown, Governor; H. H. Waters and J. L. Campbell, Secretaries Ex. Depar't; N. C. Barnett, Sec. State; Peterson Thweatt. Comp. Gen'l; John Jones, Treasurer: H. C. Wayne; Act and Insp'r Gen'l.

GOVERNMENT OF ALABAMA,

Capitol-Montgomery.

Area-50,722 Square Miles; - Total Population-935,917;

Thes. H. Watts, Governor; P. H. Britton, Secretary of State; W. J. Green, Comptreller; D. B. Graham, Treasurer.

GOVERNMENT OF MISSISSIPPI, Capitol—JACKSON.

Area—47,156 Square Miles; - - Total Population—887,158; Slaves—479,677.

Chas. Clarke, Governor; Charles A Brougher, Secretary of State; A. J. Gillespie, Auditor of Fublic Accounts, M. D. Haynes, State Treasurer; T. J. Wharton, Autorney General.

GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH CAROLINA. Capitol—Columbia.

Area——— Square Miles; Slaves, 402,541. Total Population, 703,812;

M. L. Bonbern Governor.

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6	Wed	Epiphany		Cloudy	y an a	l					5	14
		Moon low				7	_ :		58	N3	6	7
	Frid	Battle of							59		_	4;
	Satur	Keep out				7			59		se	
	55 S	1st Sund.			rainy		0		0	æ	6	4(
11		Moon in P		wec	ther.	7.	0	5	0	4	3	59
12	Tues	? rises 3	h 59m				59		1	Ж	9	(
13	Wed	Patronise	home for	dks.			59		1		10	15
14	Thur	Aldebaran	ı sou 8h	52m	Fair	6	58	5	2		11	20
15	Frid	The world	l is full o	of fools	and	6	58	5	2	qp	mo	rn
		Battle Iro	nton, 18	362 7	rosty	6	57	5	3		0	30
17	S	2d Sund. 8			norns				3	ี่ย	1	3
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1 -	Frid	Moon of			sleet						11	,
30	Satur										ı	58
	S	Sexagesin	~ .		C 1 1	10		-	10	i.	Mo	

2d Mo	onth FEERUARY, 1864 2	day.
New M First C	tuarter 14 1 4 eve.	23
D. D.	· [*]	25 N
of of W	MISCELLANY. Sun Sun zing sets St. H. M. U. M.	riæsts H. M.
2 Tue.	Keep out debt this year Cold 6 46 5 14 F Purification B.V.M. Moon of 24 6 45 5 15	
4 Thu.	Fort Henry attac'd, '62. with 6 44 5 16 Moon lowest. High winds. 6 44 5 16 V3	r (8
6 Satu.	Moon & ♀ Fair and 6 43 5 17 Do good when yeu can frosty. 6 42 5 18 Quinquagesima Sun. € in per. 6 41 5 19	4 48 5 58 sets.
8 Mon. 9 Tue.	Roanoke Isl'd taken, '62 N.E. 6 40 5 20 Federals at Florence'62 winds 6 39 5 21 H	6 42
10 Wed 11 Thu. 12 Fri.	Ash Wednesday. with dark, 6 38 5 22 Earn your dinner before yen 6 37 5 23 7 eat it. flying clouds 6 26 5 24	9 58 11 0
13 Sat, 14 S.	Battle Fert Donelson, 1862 6 26 5 24 1st Sun. in Lent, St. Valentine 6 35 5 25 8	11 55
16 Tue.	Sirius seu. 3h 42m. Cloudy 6 34 5 26 Fort Donelson sur. 1862 and 6 33 5 27 II	0 31 1 15
4 i - 4	God helps them that help them 6 32 5 28 6 highest. [selves. 6 31 5 29 5 20 10 5 30 5 30 5 30 5 30 5 30 5 30 5 30	2 0 2 44 3 25
20 Sat. 21 S.	Do not buy anything on credit. 6 29 5 31 1	1 1
23 Tue.	Bat. Buenz Vista, '49. chang-6 26 5 34	7 1
25 Thu.	Neen 42. Frises 5 h 2 m. 6 24 5 36 mg greatest elong. W. unpleasant 6 23 5 37 mg	8 31
27 Satu. 28 S.	¥ visible in mern. weather. € 22 to 35 3d S. in Lent. ¥ 8° 5′ a of \$. 6 21 5 35	10 6 11 0
29 Mon	Moon & 24 Procyon s. 8h 55 m. 6 21 5 39 4	11 55

3d Moi	nth. MARCH, 1864 31 d	lays
MOON'S	PH. D. H. M. EQUATION OF TI	ME.
Lagt Qu New Me		58
First Qu	arter 15 4 26 me. 9 8 0 000 N	704
Full Me Last Qu		25
D. D		Moon
of of	THE COLUMN ASSETS ASSETTS ASSETT ASSETTS ASSETT ASSETS ASSETT ASSETS ASSETT ASS	ri &sts
M W		н. м.
1 Tues	St. David. \$ rises 4h. 30m. 6 20 5 40 T	morn.
f !	Moon lowest Cloudy and 6 19 5 41 vs	1 9
3 Thur		2 21
4 Frid	Pollux sou. 8h 44m. weather. 6 17 5 43 m	3 36
5 Satur	Be economical. 6 16 5 44	4 42
6 S.	4th Sun, in Lent. Moon in Per 6 15 5 45	5 31
7 Mon	Battle Pea Ridge, 1862. 6 14 5 46 X	sets.
	Battle near Norfolk, 1862 6 13 5 47 Never talk before servants 6 12 5 48	6 25
9 Wed 10 Thur	Never talk before servants 6 12 5 48 φ Regulus sou. 19h. 44m. Rainy 6 11 5 49	7 20 8 12
11 Frid		9 2
12 Satur	He that sells upon trust loses many 6 10 5 50 friends and always wants money. 6 9 5 51	9 56
13 S	5th Sunday in Lent. 6 85 52	10 44
14 Mon	Procyon 5, 8h 1. m, Frest. 6 7 5 53 II	11 35
15 Tues	Island No. 10 attacked, 1862. 6 6 5 54	morn.
16 Wed	Regulus sou. 10h. 21m. 6 5 5 55	0 26
17 Thur	St. Patrick. > highest. Stormy 6 4 5 56 3	1 22
18 Frid	Vega rises 10h. 26m. and 6 3 5 57	2 15
1 1	Pay as you go. unpleasant. 6 2558 0	3 6
20 S.	Palm Sunday. q in Apogee, 6 1 5 59	3 48
21 Mon	Vernal equinox. Spring begin 6 0 5 0 7	4 35
22 Tues	Fine linex, girls, and gold so bright, 5 59 6 1	5 23
23 Wed	1 - 1 1	rises.
24 Thur	Moon & b Much rain may 5 57 6 3 Good Friday, Anun B. V. M. 5 56 6 4	7 15
25 Frid	Trially.	9 3
26 Satur 27 S.		9 57
28 Mon	Easter Sunday. expected. 5 54 6 6 7 Easter Monday. Moon 6 4 5 53 6 7	10 48
29 Tues	Shrove Tuesday, Moon lowest 5 52 6 8 79	11 42
29 Tues	Regulus S. 9 h 26 m. 5 51 6 9	morn.
	5 rises 6h. 26m. 5 50 6 10	0 35
UI	A TIPOS ATTA MONTH	

4th M	onth AP	RIL, 18	364		. 40 20022-100	30	da	ys
New M First Q Full M	uarter 13 8 27 eve.	Sua slow.	EC EC	3 49	0 NO	7 fa24	5 2 11	912 49
D. D. of of W	MISCELL	ANY.) H	Sun rises	-	8.XC	ris	on sts
1 Frid 2 Satur 3 S	All Fool's Day. Moon in Perigee: Low Sunday. ¥ 6	:	Fair and mild.	5 49 5 48	$\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{11}{12}$	22	1 2	31 28 24
4 Mon 5 Tues 6 Wed	り8巻. りri. at a Moon と Battle Shiloh, 186	sunset. Cloudy 52.	and some	5 46 5 45 5 44	6 14 6 15 6 16	က	5 se	20 15 ts.
7 Thur 8 Frid 9 Satur 10 S.	Island No. 10 sur. The worst wheel makes the most n 2nd Sunday after	of the	c irt	542 541	6 18 6 19	8	8	37 29 22 12
10 S. 11 Mon 12 Tues 13 Wed	Diligence is the m Regulus sou. 8h. highest.	other of 35m.	$egin{array}{c} oldsymbol{good} \ oldsymbol{Cool} \end{array}$	5 38 5 38	6 22		11 11	4
14 Thur 15 Frid 16 Satur	Battle Fort Sumte and clock agre in Apogee.	er 1861. e. cl	. / loudy and	5 36 5 35 5 34	6 24 6 25 6 26	ϑ	1 2	42 28 15
17 S. 18 Mon 19 Tues 20 Wed	Ben. Franklin died Spica sou 11h. 2 Bat. Lexington, 17 Son enters 8. 6 d	7m. 75. Loc	ok out	532 531	6 28 6 29		3	6 40 25
21 Thur 22 Frid 23 Satu	Well done is bett ¥'s greatest elong St. George.	er than	well	'5 29 5 28	_[6 31	m	ris 7	es. 35 33
24 S. 25 Mon 26 Tues	Moon of 4. Brazil St. Mark. Moon lowest.		Fair and	5 25 5 24	6 35	V9	10 11	28 15 2
27 Wed 28 Thur 29 Frid	Moon in Perigee.	59 <u>.</u>		$\frac{5}{5} \frac{22}{21}$	6 33 6 39	*	mo 0	48 rn. 40
ov Satur	Washington inaug	g. 1109	•	ວ ສປ	6 40	゚゚゚゚゚゙゙゙゙゙゙゙゚゚	1	25

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5	5th Month MAY, 1864 31 days													
	MOON'S PHASES. E				QUATION OF TIME.									
	New Me		6 46 e	ve.	fast.	1	s,	¥	30	46	53	51	9 9 10	51
F I	full Mo	en 21	7 49	mo.	Sun		×	-		_			cc	
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		Battle '	West F	oint	, Va.	18	862.	5	15	ぅ	45		8	30
- 8		Bat. Pa											9	15
9	Møn	2 rises	7h. 3r	n.			and	5	13	6	47		9	52
, 10	Tues	Moon	highest				dry	5	12	6	4 8	ුන	10	31
		St. Lot			e, 180	61.	,		12				11	3
		Moon i	n Apog	ee.				5	11				11	36
•		48 St						5	10	,		1	mo	rn.
	Satur											败	0	6
f		Penteco			Sunda	ay.		5			51		0	41
	Mon	Whit-N						5		1			1	20
		Moon		403			ain				53		2	4
		Arctur					with	4			53	ł .	1	48
		Cuba d					vind					m	_	21
	Frid	Sun en									55 55		! -	35
	Satur S.	Always	s endea Sunday								56		8	es. 25
1	Mon			y - ¥	0 61	ın,	TIII	5				18	9	8
		Battle		ovs	1. 186	2.		5			57			50
		(in P					'6 2	1				· **	i -	31
	u .	Corpus			P^{i}						58		11	10
		Arctur								ı	58		11	45
		1st En.								1		'*	mo	rn.
29		1st Sur						5			59		0	10
30	Mon	1	f Åic					5	0	7	0	1	0	40
		Battle						15	0	7	0	ണ	1	15
						**	-			75			* * *	

6th M	onth JUNE, 1864	30 days
	р. н. м.	ON OF TIME.
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D. D of of	MISCELLANY. Sun	Sun Moon
$\left \frac{\mathbf{M}}{1} \right \frac{\mathbf{W}}{\mathbf{Wed}}$	Que more, keep out of debt. 4 59	н.м. <u>21 н. м.</u> 7 1 8 2 8
2 Thur 3 Frid	Arcturus sou 9h 27m. Rainy. 4 59 Moon 6 9. 4 58	7 2 п. 3 43
4 Satur 5 S. 6 Mon	Bat. Friedburg, 1745. Fine 4 55 2d S. after Trinity. 6 highest. 4 55 Bat. Memphis 1862. growing 4 57	7 2 95 8 21
7 Tues 8 Wed	Mahomet died. 632. weather. 4 57 Moon in Apogae. 4 57	7 3 A 9 38
9 Thur 10 Frid	Battle Port Republic, 1862. 4 57 Battle Bethel Church, 1861. 4 55	7 3 10 42
11 Satur 12 S.	St. Barnabas. 4 50' 3d Sunday after Trinity. 4 56'	7 4 11 56 7 4 ≃ Morn.
13 Mon 14 Tues 15 Wed	Moon & b. Bat. Ghent, 1794. 4 56 Arcturus sou. 8h. 37m. 4 56 Sun and clock agree. Warm. 4 56	7 4 ոլ 1 30
16 Thur 17 Frid	Moon of 24 8h 0m eve. 4 55 Battle Bunker Hill, 1775, 4 55	7 5 1 2 39
18 Satur 19 S.		7 5 4 10
20 Mon 21 Tues	Q. Victoria crowned, 1837. 4 55 Summer Solstice. Sun ent. 3. 4 55	7 5 7 58 7 5 8 41
22 Wed 23 Thur 24 Frid	Moon in Perigee. Rain with 4 55. Bat. Springfield, 1780. thunder 4 55.	7 5 10 3
24 Frid 25 Satur 26 S.	St. John Baptist. Midsummer 4 55. Battle Bannockburn, 1314. 4 55. Bat. Mechanicsville, 1862. 4 55.	75 il 54
27 Mon 28 Tues	Cholera in New York, 1832.4 567 \$\forall \text{gr.e.W.} Jas. Madison d. 36.4 567	7 4 op 0 34 7 4 1 3
29 Wed 30 Thur	St.Peter. Henry Clay died '52. 4 56 and Montezuma died 1520.	7 4 8 1 37
	Married and Comment of the Comment o	

7	th I	fonth JU	LY, 1	864	-		``	3.	L d	ays
	M	OON'S PHASES.		E	QU A	TI	0 N ·	OF !	TIM	E.
	New Me First Q		slow.	ś	33	16	54 26	20	မ က	10
	Fuli Mo	oon 19 0 54 mo.	Sun	D.M.			4 70			
		narter 25 8 4 eve.	((2)				<u>გ</u>			
D		MICORY			S	un	Sun	ACE ACE	Mo	on
of		MISCELL	ANY.				sets			ests
M					1	_1	H.M.		II.	M.
1	Frid	Battle Richmond,				56		8	2	
1	Satur	Sun in Apogee.		Varm				п	1	50
	S.	Moond ? Fort E						1	1	is.
	Mon	Independence, 17	76.	and					7	48
1 1		d highest.		dry.	ì	- 1			8	31
. 1		Doin Apogee.				58		Ω	9	15
1	Thur	Sheridan died, 181			1 -	58			9	~ ~
	Frid	Arcturus so. 9h 12	m. Cl	oudy	4	58	7 2		10	42
9	Satur	Pres. Taylor died	1850.	with	4	59	7 1	(11	12
1	S. Mon	7th Sunday after T							11	
1	_	くくり Altair sou 0h 19m		rain.	4			ì		rn.
1	Tues Wed		•	77.) -	0			1	38
1 .	Thur	Pay as you go.	a Dia	Hot				4	1	12
1	Frid	Moon & 4 Birming Antares sou 8h 44		and			6 59 6 59		1 2	42
	Satur	Moon low. Hegira				-,	о эя 6 58	1	2	10 54
	Satur	보 & Sun Sup.				- 1	0 58 6 58			25
1	Mon	2 d San Saperior					0 50 6 57		;	$\frac{20}{21}$
4	Tues	Moon 16 days old.				- 1	0 <i>51</i> 6 57	1	cis	
	Wed	Moon in Perigee.	•	and	5		6 56		8.	es. ()
		Battle Manassas Ju	metion'	1861	1 -		6 55	•	ც. გ	50
	Frid	Sun enters N.	-	haps:		1	ი ეე ჩ 55	1	9	31
		Rog. Sherman died	1 1793	rxin	5	- 1	654		10	24
24		Vega sou 10h 20m			5	1	3 54		11	10
1 -		St. James.			5		3 53	•	mo	
	1	St. Anne.	H_{0}	and	1 -		3 52		0	2
		Bat. Talav. 1809.				1	3 52	_	0	42
	Thur	Dog days begin.		and.			3 51	1 :	1	12
	Frid	Vega sou 10h 0m				,			2	2
	Satur	Wm. Penn died 17	716.	hail.	5	116	3 49	-	٠.	48
31		Moon highest.			5	11	49	20		33

8	th M	nth AUGU	S T , 18	364			31 (day	78
	1 8 1					ION	OF 7	ľIM	E.
I	Now Mo		ors	· s	5	3 = 2	9:	<u> </u>	2 9
	First Qı Full Mo	narter 10 7 28 mo on 17 8 2 mo.	Sun	M) TO 4			
₩		arter 24 8 40 me.	<i>\overline{\pi_2}</i> \	D. (- 10			2 2 2	
D.	D	,			Sun	Sun	70 Sá		
of	1	MISCELLA	.NY		rises	sets	A S		ests
M	W			_ 1	н. м.	н. м.	N A	н.	м.
		Battle of the Nile	1795.		$\overline{512}$	6 48	69	4	21
2	Tues	€ in Apogee.	R	ainy		6 47	S	Se	ts.
il .	Wed	Crown Point taker				6 47		7	40
1	Thur	Battle Brownstown				6 46		8	25
Я.	Frid	Bat Baton Rouge,						9	12
	Satur	Ship Arkansas des	it. '62.	and					54
7	~•	Moond b.	_	.,	t .	3 43		10	38
N .		Canning died 1827				6 43		11	10
72		Battle of Oak Hill,		861.	(.	i		11	- 1
1		St. Lawrence.			1	6 41	, T	Mo	- 41
		Lyon's defeat, 183				6 40	1 1	0	42
i d		Battle of Antuigne,	1792.			6 39		1	31
lt _		Moon lowest.	FE3. 114	_		6 38			20
	S.	12th Sunday after			1	16 38	! !	3	14
		Bonaparte born, 17				637636		4	2
		visible in the ev				$6 \ 35$	1 1	4	40
		Moon in Perigee.		Tarm		6 34		Ris 7	- 11
I ł		Since thou art not s						8	$\frac{20}{2}$
11		nute, throw not av							45
$\frac{20}{21}$		13th S. after Trini					1,	9	30
ri .		\$ enters w. di			1	i		10	25
		Time is an herb that cu						11	20
		St. Bartholomew.						Mo	
	•	He that can travel			1	1		0	12
		afoot keeps a good l							58
		Moon runs high.			1	6 25	!	1	42
28		14th Sunday after	Trinity	7.	1	6 24	:	_	30
11	1	St. John Baptist be				6 23		3	21
		Battle Manassas Ju						4	2
	Wed			-		6 21		4	45
$A_{i} \in \mathcal{A}_{i}$			The State of			-	-		***

9th Month SEPTEMBER, 1864 30 days								
	MOON'S PHASES. EQUATION OF TIME.							
	lew Mod irst Qu	on 1 1 0 mo. 43 1 1 1 0 mo. 43 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-					
	'ull Me	25 9 49 6350 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
	ast Qu Iew Mo	uncor 22 1) 0 07th	-					
D.	D.		~-					
of	1	MISCELLANY. rises sets 2 7 riest	ì					
M	W	MISCELLANY Sun Sun Sun in Moon rises sets Sun No. 1 in Strict H. M. H. M.						
1	Thur	& Clock agree, Fair 5 39 6 21 my sets.	-					
	Frid	(d ? London burnt 1666. 5 40 6 20 7 6	0					
3			- 1					
4		15th Sanday after Trinity, 5 42 6 18 8 39	- ;					
		Dog days end. 5 43 6 17 m 9 26						
		Lafayette, born, 1757. 5 44 6 16 10 18 Moon 8 2. 5 45 6 15 2 11 10						
	wed		- 1					
0	Lnur		2					
10	Sotur	Luna runs low. rain, 5 47 6 13 vg 0 8 Bat. Lake Eric, 1813. 5 48 6 12 0 4						
11	S.	16th Sun. after Trinity. with 5 49 6 11 2 1 30						
J	Mon	Gen. Walker exec'd, '60. wind 5 50 0 10 2 2	-					
		Moon in Perigee, and thunder 5 51 6 9 3 3	5					
		Moscow burned. 1812. 5 52 6 8 × 4 5	5					
		Surren. of N. Y., 177 6 5 53 6 7 rises	3.					
16	Frid	Fornalhaut sou. 11h 4m 5 54 6 6 9 6 4						
17	Satur	Battle Sharpsburg, 62 5 55 6 5 7 3	ŀ					
ĺ٤		17th Sun. aft. Trinity. Stormy 5 56 6 4 8 8 2						
R.	Mon	Battle Iuka, 1862. and bois- 5 57 6 3 8 9 1						
	Tues	Dat. Sheparastown, 00	6					
	Wed	St. Mattnews.	-					
B (Thur							
7.1	Frid	Targe M. Miller trade and B. menters	4					
B (Satur	Baille Monterey, 1840. 0 2 0 00 0 4						
1	S. Mon							
	Tues	Dattie of Mesina, 1001.	2					
	Wed	Do keep out of debt, and 6 6 5 54 M 3 5						
B 1	Thur	Do Reof of done	_					
E 1	Frid	St. Jerome.						
1	12.110		•					

The second secon

		lays
MC	ON'S PHASES, EQUATION OF T	IME.
Firet On	D. H. M. 20 12 13 mo. 21 22 23 mo. 22 23 mo. 22 23 mo. 23 24 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	12 =
Full M	900 15 0 40 mo. U 0 1 0 0 0 7 10	ŧ
	arter 22 9 23 mo.	10.0
[arter 22 9 23 mo. 02 2 1 2 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<u> </u>
D. D of of	1 102 67	Moon
of of W	MISCELLANY, rises sets.	riests
4	H. M. H. M. 32	
1 Satur	Moon δ η. Cool 6 9 5 51 ~ Major Andre exc. 1780. and 5 10 5 50 M	6 31
2 8.	Major Andre exe. 1780. and 5 10 5 50 H	7 10 7 39
3 Mon	Battle Corinth, '62. pleasant 3 11 5 49 Battle Germantown, 1777. 3 12 5 48 1	8 15
5 Wed	Meon 6 4. Brainard d. 1747. 6 13 5 47	9 12
6 Ph	Luna runs low. Cloudy 6 14 5 46 W	10 25
7 Frid	Bat. S. Rosa Island '61. and 5 15 5 45	11 36
& Satur	Battle Perryville, 1862. 6 15 5 45	morn.
9 S.	20th Sun. after Trinity. windy 6 16 5 43 =	0 25
10 Mon	Battle Warsaw, 1794. 6 17 5 42	1 20
11 Tues	Battle Warsaw, 1794. 5 17 5 42 Moon in Perigee Cool 3 18 5 41 \tag{Cool}	2 i5
12 Wed	Wm. Penn b. 1745. mornings 8 19 5 40	3 8
13 Thur	Fomalhaut sou 9h 18m: with 6 20 5 39 9	4 46
14 Frid	り d 章 North-east 6 21 5 38	5 20
15 Satur	Bank Panic, 1857.	rises.
16 S.	Kosciusko died 1817 Winds 6 23 5 36	6 57
17 Mon	Burgoyne surrendered, 1777. S 24 5 35 H	7 42
18 Tues	St. Luke. 6 3 Frost. 3 25 5 34	8 38
19 Wed	Cornwallis surrendered 1781. 5 26 5 33 95	9 31
	Battle Navarine, 1827. 1 27 5 32	10 23
21 Frid	d highest. Changeable 6 28 5 31 \Omega	11 25
	Fomalhaut sou 8h 43m. but 6 29 5 31	morn. 0 20
23 S.	22d S. after Trinity. #ent m 5 30 5 30	1 11
25 Tues	Moon in Apogee. pleasant, 6 31 5 29 mg 7 *s sou 1h 41m. 6 32 5 28	2 3
Hes Tues	Do keep out of debt. Look for 6 33 5 27 =	2 46
27 Thus	Fomalhaut s. Sh. 23m. a storm, 6 34 5 26	3 35
28 Frid		4 27
41 1	Windy 6 36 5 24	5 15
30 S.	Sun eclipsed, invisible. and 6 37 5 23	sets.
31 Mon	7*8 20d. av	1 - 12

11	th M	onth NOVEMBER, 1	1864	4		30	day	78
	MO	Nic DHICES 1			ON (}
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	irst Qua full Mod		si	=======================================	50	4	₹ ₹	ন্ত
	ast Qua		ž l		5 7		<u> </u>	3=
I	lew Mo	on 29 1 38 ma.	ا غ		0.00		<u>0, 6</u>	र दूर
D.	D		18	lun i	Sun sets	Šυ PHI	M c	on
of		MISCELLANY.	£	ises	sets	NO.	rik	stg
M	W		Į.	L. GL.	H.M.	22	Ħ.	M.
11)	Tues				5 21		6	50
	Wed	All Souls' day.			5 20		7	
11	Inur	d lowest, jros			5 20		8	54
	Frid	? rises 5h 57m morning Battle Warrenton, 1862.	28. 0	41	ภ 18 5 18		10	2 26
	Satur S.	24th S. after Trinity. Rai					ll mo	
F.3 :		Moon in Perigee. and wine					6	111. 15
		Seizure of Mason & Slidell'					1	16
11		Aldebaran sou 1h 33m C_0					-	21
2) -		Milton died, 1674.			5 14			28
• •		Aldebaran sou 1h 23m			5 13		•	25
11			1	1	5 12	7	5	49
• /	S.		$ind \epsilon$	49	5 11	प्र	ris	6≇.
14	Mon	Chas. Carroll d., 1832. m	ild	49	5 11		6	11
15	Tues	Sirius rises 9h 57m	10	5 5 0	5 10	п	6	58
		Tea dest'd Bosten, 1773 F.					, -	48
• 1	1	Moon highest.		5.52		99	Ī	85
1 -	Frid	A rises 5h 20m fros	siy	5 52	5 8	1	9	
	Satur		,	558			1 -	21
li i	S.	26th S. after Trinity. Cloud			.∋ 63 ≃ ∧	\mathfrak{Q}	1	26
11	Mon	7	^.	3 54		· ·	1	rn. 20
11	1	enters 1. perha St. Clement. a hea	aps) 90 5 56	5 4	TV.	1	15
11	Wed	St. Clement.	cin l	5 56	5 4		2	12
11	Thur Frid	a ∨ "		3 57			3	5
I I	Satur	(\$? O. Elsworth died 1807. C				711	1 -	52
B (S	Advent Sunday. win	ids.	3.,5 <u>S</u>	5 2		1	46
II.	Mon	Washington crossed Del 17				1	5	53
		Moon & 4	(659	5 1	ı	se	ts.
• •	Wed	St. Andrew's Day. Moon l	low/	7 0	5 (13	6	25
			<u> </u>			1	١.	

12th Month DECEMBER, 1864 31	days
MOON'S PHASES. EQUATION OF	TIME.
First Quarter, 6 1 51m o. g o o o o o o	10 4 0
First Quarter, 6 1 51mo.	11
Last Quarter, 20 10 50 eye.	
New Moon, 20 5 4/eve.	2,25,25
D. San Stan	Moon
o of MISCELLANY. rises sets 5 %	riæsts
	н. м.
1 Thur Jupiter conjunction with Sun 7 00 0 19	7 23
2 Frid 7 Stars south 10h 50m, Windy 7 1 4 52	8 15
3 Satur John Brown hung, 1859 and 7 1 4 59 2	9 20
4 S. Mon Moon in Perigee 7 24 58	10 35
olizon in Tongoo.	11 46
6 Tues Van Buren born, 1782. 7 24 58 × 7 Wed 7 Stars south 10h 30m. 7 34 57	morn. 0 42
	1 48
8 Thur Theo Sedwick died 1850. 7 34 57 9 9 Frid Tather Mathew d. '56. Cloudy 7 34 57	2 58
10 Satur Dr. Chalmers died, '34, and 7 34 57	4 1
11 S, 3d Sun, in Advent. dans. 7 44 56 8	5 11
12 Mon Great Comet 1680. 7 44 56	6 10-
13 Tues Battle Fredericksburg, 1862. 7 44 56 II	rises.
14 Wed Battle Kingston, 1862. 7 44 56	6 20
15 Thur Isaac Walton d. 1683, Rainy 7 4 4 56	7 24
16 Frid Moon highest. and 7 54 55 25	8 31
17 Satur Bat. Goldsboro', 1862. windy 7 54 55	9 35
18 S. 4th S in Adv, Moonin Apogee 7 5,4 55 Q	10 42
19 Mon Rome burned, 69. Frosty 7 5 4 55	11 50
20 Tues Shortest days. and bracing 7 5 4 55 mg	morn.
21 Wed St Thomas. Winter Solstice. 7 5 4 55	0 45
22 Thur Shortest days weather. 7 54 55 =	1 32
23 Frid Sir 1. Newton born, 1642 7 5 4 55	2 26
24 Satur Sun & clock agree. 7 54 55 m	3 17
25 S. CHRISTMAS DAY. Cloudy 7 5 4 55	4 15
26 Mon St. Stephen. and rainy. 7' 5 4 55 \$	5 12
27 Tues St John the Evangelist. 7 4 4 56	6 0
28 Wed Holy Innocents Moon lowest. 7 44 56 y	sets.
29 Thur As a last request we do implore you 7 4 4 56	6 I
30 Frid and never ge in debt again Cota 7 4 4 50 2	6 52
31 Satur Battle Murfreesboro, 1862. 7 44 56	7 56

GARDEN WORK FOR 1864.

JANUARY.

To realise the sweets of summer, autumn and fal', the foundation must now be laid. Work everything in the shape of decomposing manure into the garden patch that you can lay hold on. The coarser the manure the better. Cover it under. Apply all the ashes, hen manure, &c., about your premises to the garden grounds before it is leached away and wasted. Turn it under and you have it saie. Plant out the onion, leek and garlick, and put the ground in order for February planting. Sow early varieties of English Peas during the first fortnight in January, and continue to sow a succession every week during the spring and early summer. Cabbages, Lettuce, Radishes, Salsify, Spinach, Parsnips, Beets, &c., may now be sown on ground properly prepared. Choose a warm exposure—spade, manure and pulversive your beds well, and do not plant your seed to deep. Irish Potatoes may now be planted for an early crop.

FEBRUARY.

The operations of the gardener must now commence in good earnest. In order to secure a regular and abundant supply of good vegetables, the garden must be put in a thorough condition at once. Let it, however be remembered, that the soil should never be stirred, nor any seed planted while the ground is wet; in fact it must be dry enough to crumble easily when raked over.

Plant a few Melons, Squashes or Cymblins, Cucumbers, Snap-beans, &c., protecting the young plants when needful. They may, possibly, be cut down, but to have early vegetables, we must plant early, and risk the result, using what precautions we may. Plant all sorts of aromatic and pot herbs; Carrots, Parsnips and Turnips intended to produce seed—they should have been hung up in some dry place in Poil rich enough to force it, as it will quickly run to seed. More Peas should be sown for succession; the same varieties sown last month, as also any of the taller sorts. Sow also, Early Corn, Radishes, Lettuce, Early and Summer Cabbage, and the main crops of Beets, Carrots, Parsnips and Salsify. Continue to set out early Cabbage plants.

Set out the Peach, the Plum, the Apple, the Pear, the Quince, the Pomegranate, the Grape, the Strawberry, the Raspberry, and all other desirable kinds of fruit and ornamental trees and vines Examine Peach trees for the worm, and Apple trees for the borer, and dig those depredators from their hiding places with the sharp end of your knife. Heap leached ashes around your Peach trees.

MARCH.

During a backward spring, most of the work directed to be done last month should more properly be done in March. If any early Cabbage plants yet remain in the beds, set them out the first favorable weather; the Buttersea will succeed the Early York. Okra must be got in by the middle of the month. If seed is pienty, sow in drills, four feet apart in rich ground, if scarce, drop a half dozen seed in hills three or four feet apart. When large enough, they must be thinned out to a single plant. In fact, its cultivation is precisely the same as that of Cotton.

Sow more Cabbage seed to head in the summer. Flat Dutch is the best. Thin out Turnips as soon as they have four leaves, leaving them at the distance of six inches apart, and sow more Turnip seed. Early White Dutch and Red Topped Dutch are the best for spring use. If you did not sow Onion seed (black) last month, do it at once; they will come into use in the latter part of the summer, when all that were raised from sets or buttons are gone. If you did sow Black Onion seed in September, it can now-be transplanted. Sow Carrots, Beets, Parsnips, Salsify, Lettuce, Radishes, Thyme, Parsley and Rape, (for early greens.) Plant all in rows fifteen inches apart. Sow, also, a little spot with Celery, and protect them from the sun. When Cherry trees are in bloom, plant Snap Beans; and when Apple trees are in flower, plant Squashes. (Scallop Squash is the best) in hills three feet apart; also Cucumbers and Muskmelons, six feet apart; the Nutmeg and Citron melons are very fine, and the earliest; Beechwood Melon is very superior, but a little later. All the vines are greatly benefited by guano or poultry manure. At the same time, also, sow Tomatoes and Egg Plants. Asparegus will now begin to sprout; don't suffer say to run to seed, but cut all down. Cabbages which have been set out, and are starting to grow, should, once a week, have a watering of liquid manure—a shovelful of chicken manure, dissolved in ten gallons of water, will be found an excellent fertilizer for them.

All vegetables, that already have a start, should have a good hosing

by the latter part of this month.

Irish Potatoes should now be planted in drills, three feet apart, and covered with a thick layer of pine straw or leaves.

APRIL.

Attend to all work not performed last month without delay. Set out all Cabbage plants you may have, and sow more Cabbage Seed to head in the summer. Flat Dutch is the best. Thin out Turnips as soon as they have four leaves, and sow more turnip seed. Early White Dutch and Red Topped Dutch are the best for spring use. Also sow White Norfolk Turnip, it will grow much larger than the former and succeed them.

Plant a full crop of English Peas for a succession. For a late crop we think the Blue Imperial and the Prussian Blue the best; when planted at the same time as the Extra Early, they will come in three weeks later. Sow Carrots, Beets, (Extra Early is the finest,) Parsnips, Salsify, Radishes, Thyme, Parsley and Rape, (for early greens.) The White Belgian Carrot stands our hot summers best. Also sow Mangel Wurtzel; it will be found very good for late use, when the other beets are gone. Plant all in rows 15 inches apart. When cherry trees are in bloom, plant Snap Beans. Early Valentine is an excellent variety, and we are inclined to recommend it in preference to all others, When Apple trees are in flower, plant Squashes (Scallop Squash is the best) in hills 3 feet apart; also Cucumbers and Muskmelons 6 feet apart.

Common Corn and Chinese Sugar Cane, for cutting green and for winter forage should also be sown plentifully during the present and the next month. Sow, also, Egyptian Millet, but do not let it come near the Chinese Sugar Cane, or you will ruin the latter as a Sugar plant.

Sweet Petatoes.—Plant your main crop of sets and draws this month.

Try the level system. Reason and experience both teach its superiority. But if you plant in hills and ridges, plow the soil very deep, and throw them up broad and flat on the summit, so that they may catch and retain as much moisture as possible. Potato "draws." or any similar plants, may be safely set out. even in dry weather, by dipping the roots in a thick batter of black woods-mould or surface soil and water, as heretofore described.

The vigilant gardener will keep his eye upon the weeds. An hour's

work now will equal a day's when the ground gets foul.

This is the month to thin out the vegetables. Thin well at first and then go over and thin again and again. Save all the ashes, soap suds, and hen manure about the premises, to apply to the growing crops in the garden. Every family that keeps twenty hens, may, with the assistance of the scap suds and ashes that are generally thrown away, fortilize a garden spet in the year as much as would a ton of guano

MAY.

Do not fail to secure large beds of Drumhead, Savoy, &c., Cabbage and Brocoli plants, sowing during showery weather. These will stand in the seed-bed until August, in the meantime the ground intended for them should be thoroughly dug or plowed and manured. Continue to set out Sweet Potato sprouts or cuttings of vines in favorable weather.

Transplant Egg Plants, and hill up Bush Beans.

Work carefully around Melons and Cucumbers, with a pronged hoe Continue to plant Okra, Squashes and Melons of the different varieties, Cucumbers, Lima (or Butter) Beans, Sweet Corn. Transplant the Tomato, Pepper, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, &c. Plant Carrots, Beets, Salsify, Parsnips &c., for a succession.

Work your vegetables carefully, and be sure not to injure the roots with the hoe. Water in dry weather, removing a portion of soil just around the plant before watering, and replacing it afterwards to pre-

vent evaporating from the surface.

The Strawberry patch should receive a good working with pronged hoes, to avoid injuring the roots. After thus loosening up the soil replace the mulching and there will be little trouble with the weeds for the remainder of the season. If cultivating solely for fruit, the runners must be scrupulously kept down.

Weeds will now begin to infest your gardens, and must be ruthlessly

destroyed at their first appearance.

Destroy caterpillars' nests wherever found on your fruit trees. If the branches are crowded or overladed with thickly set fruit, thin out one-half of it and the remainder winds enough better to pay for the trouble.

Dust over the Plum and Nectarine trees with a mixture of quick lime, ashes and sulphur while the dew is on the leaves to destroy the

curculio.

JUNE.

Little can be done the present month in the garden, with the exception of mulching, weeding and watering.

Irish Potatees can be planted and heavily mulched; they will give a fair grep in Seteber. Plant Watermeleus for a succession.

JULY

Every preparation should be made for a brisk onset, next month, to insur a good fall and winter garden. The ground must be cleansed off, manured and well ploughed and harrowed, or dug.

By commencing very early in the morning, resting a couple of hours in the heat of the day, and working a little later, your teams and hands will accom

plish more than if kept constantly going.

AUGUST.

A good winter garden will depend much on what is started this month therefore grudge not a little labor in watering and mulching. Save the seeds of all earliest and best vegetables. Remember not to dry melon or cu camber seeds in the sun, it destroys their vitality; spread them in thin dishe and dry in the shade. Onions that have not yet been pulled should now be taken from the ground, dried in the shade, spread on a cool floor, or tied it banches and hung where the air can circulate around them. Pot and medicinal herbs should now be gathered; dry in the shade and put away in prope bags for future use. Seeding weeds will now demand the gardner's attention one root of purselane, now full of seeds, will keep a whole garden next seasofull of weeds. Remember the old adage, "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

All plants of the Cauliflower, Brocoli or Cabbage family may be set out th latter part of this month for fall and winter use. Continue to transplan Celery. Full crops of the different kinds of Turnips should be sown during the month, as directed above. Sow seeds of Beets, Salsify, Carro's, &c., fo winter use—shading the ground by a slight "brush arbor," from the hot sun Radishes, Spinach, Lettuce, &c., may still be sown, and Snap Beans planted for pickles. Plant, also, Melons and Cucumbers for mangoes and pickles Keep down all weeds—use the hoe and water freely. Plant a second or fal crop of Irish Petates and Peas, mulching both heavily with leaves. The Purple Egg Plant, Touate and Lima Bean may be planted for a late crop and will come yet, with "favorable seasons."

SEPTEMBER.

We can only refer to the instructions given last month, to be continue during the present one. After the first week it will not do to risk larg plantations of Peas, Sweet, or other Corn, or Snap Beans. Sow Early Yorl and other Cabbages, to be set out in January. They may require a little protection during severe weather. So of Lettuce. Sow Turnips, Mustard, &c

OCTOBER.

As frosts are to be expected about the last of this month, few seeds can not be sewn with safety. Amenguthe few that may be sown are Onions, Lecks Parsaips, Turnips, Mustard, Radishes, Early York and other spring Cabbages, in beds in which they may be protected, as also Lettuce, Cress, Celery, Parsley, &c. If any Drumhead or Savoy Cabbaga, Brocoli. Endive of Lettuce plants not yet set out, attend to them first showers. Celery, plantoin August, will now require to have the earth frequently stirred around it and a little earth exercially drawn around it, when dry; if wet it will rust During the first two or three carthings, the leaf stem must be held togethe and erect with one hand whilst the earth is pressed to them with the other Haul plenty of manure on your garden, have it well spaded, burying under all enriching animal or vegetable matter. Transplant Brocoli. Cabbages Celery, Cellards. &c. Work and manure your Asparagus bed, not forgetting to give them a liberal top dressing of salt before spring. Save all old bones soap suds, dead leaves, decaying vegetables, &c. and make up into compos heaps for future use. Bushes of Egg Plants and Tomatoes may be taken up before frest and hung up under a shelter—they will continue to ripen the

nit set upon them when those left in the parden are blackened and rotted frost. Nevember, December and January are the best months for anting trees, vines. &c.

OABBAGE SPROUTS.—Very few people take half the pains they ought the Cabbages. When they are cut, no batter how—the stumps are left to ing sprouts no matter when, or how man. Now, the fact is, that when a sprouts begin to come the should all be rubbed off but the best, or at set two, but if there be only one left to grow on each stump it will grow are and better, and be occasionally as good as the first head that was cut, itead of which a multitude of small ones are allowed to grow, not any of ich bring good hearts, and all are, for the most part, but a poor apology greens. When a Cabbage is cut, the layers should be cut off the stem has soon as the buds of the stump begin to grow, rub off or cut all that not wanted, leaving one of the strongest and best to grow into a head, then it will do in an incredibly short time; equalling, and most frequently selling the first head itself in flavor and appearance. This is adopted for miles more than market gardens; because there is some trouble in rubbing taking off the useless shoots; but it is well worth while in every ease

NOVEMEER.

Sow Cabbages, Turnips, Parsnips. Letter, Carrots Radishes, &c., &c., Ranking of manure on your garden, have the ell spaded, burying under all enching animal or vegetable matter. To applant Breedi, Cabbages, Celery, Collards," &c. Dress and manure your desparagus beds, not forgetting to ive them a liberal top-dressing of salt pefore spring. Save all old benes, eap-suds, dead leaves, decaying vegetables, &c. and make up into compest taps for future use. Plough and subsoil your ground for the planting of rung orchards and nurseries, and provide a supply of roots and stocks for he propagation of all new and desirable varieties of fruit adapted to our southern climate.

In transplanting trees, before taking a mark the side that was at the north so as to place it in the same position. If all would give strict orders to mark the north side of trees with chalk baffer they were taken up, and when it out to have the tree put in the ground with the north side to the north its natural position a larger proportion would live. Ignoring this law of mature is the cause of so many transplanted trees dying. If the north side is exposed to the south, the heat of the such a too great for that side of the tree to bear and therefore it dries up and decays.

DECEMBER.

But little can be done in gardening. In pleasant days manure, made and prepare the ground for the spring planting. Seed sown now

are as good as thrown away...

The cattle demand our constant care during this inclement season, and their appearance is no bad index of the character of their owner. Does not a lean, half starved, unsheltered cow convict her owner of inhumanity? Dry, warm stables are matters of prime importance for horses and neat cattle. If the barn is not already tight, it should be made so before extreme cold weathersets in. A few dollars laid out upon boards and shingles in stopping crevices will be much better sconomy than in buying extra food. Comfortable stabling will make a difference of five dollars in the extrate of wintering a cow. A tight barn saves one-fourth of the fodder. A cow is often left to seek shelter behind a fence and is nearly frozen in the sleet which is forming a cake of ice upon her hide. In the morning she comes up shivering and nearly dead to get a little fodder, and is expected to give a good let of milk. One cow properly trated will give more milk than half a dozen uneared for.

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